



General Assembly

Distr.: General
2 May 2018

Original: English

Seventy-second session

Agenda item 73

Strengthening of the coordination of humanitarian and disaster relief assistance of the United Nations, including special economic assistance

Letter dated 23 April 2018 from the Permanent Representative of Belarus to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to address you on the occasion of the International Chernobyl Disaster Remembrance Day and to transmit a non-paper entitled "Thirty-second anniversary and the International Chernobyl Disaster Remembrance Day", prepared by Belarus (see annex).

I would appreciate it if you could circulate the present letter and its annex as a document of the seventy-second session of the General Assembly, under agenda item 73.

(Signed) Valentin **Rybakov**



Annex to the letter dated 23 April 2018 from the Permanent Representative of Belarus to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

[Original: English and Russian]

**Thirty-second anniversary and the International Chernobyl Disaster Remembrance Day
26 April 2018**

On April 26, 1986 world was shaken by a terrible tragedy — an explosion at the Chernobyl nuclear power plant in northern Ukraine (then part of the USSR). This accident has become the worst nuclear disaster in human history. The explosion caused release of large quantities of radioactive materials into the atmosphere that spread over the western USSR and Europe. This radioactive contamination affected the lives of millions of people, and its consequences are still present.

The legacy of Chernobyl is of particular significance for Belarus. The disaster affected large territory, resulted in relocation of people and disruption of normal life for hundreds of thousands of Belarusians. Overcoming the long-term consequences of Chernobyl requires tremendous national efforts and new partnerships for encouragement of a sustainable development in affected regions, attraction of innovations and investments.

In 2016 United Nations General Assembly in its resolution recognizes the persistent legacy of the Chernobyl disaster and empowers the United Nations system to undertake meaningful steps aimed at achieving the Sustainable Development Goals in the Chernobyl-affected regions and communities. The United Nations General Assembly proclaimed April 26 as **the International Chernobyl Disaster Remembrance Day**.

Belarus regards the following as **priorities for the sustainable development** of the affected region, as it is stipulated in the resolution:

- investing in innovations and infrastructure to create new jobs;
- improving radiation protection and providing long-term environmental and health monitoring;
- introducing advanced technologies into agricultural production and forestry to minimize radionuclide intake;
- enhancing networking around specialized national scientific institutions to study long-term consequences of the Chernobyl disaster.

Belarus counts on support of these approaches from the United Nations agencies, Member States, private investors and other partners.

Belarus can share with the world unique knowledge and experience in dealing with such disaster and experience related to permissible doses, zoning, people's psychological rehabilitation.

Belarus possesses a unique research facility in the middle of the Exclusion Zone — the State Radiation and Ecology Reserve "Polesie", which marks its 30th anniversary this year. The Ecology Reserve is open for cooperation and incites interested partners to develop joint research programmes in radioecology, radiobiology or exploration of nature without an anthropogenic factor.

Rehabilitation of contaminated territories, revival of economy and ensuring safe living conditions for people in the affected areas are still pressing issues for the

Government of Belarus as one of the most affected countries. We believe that there is still a room for international cooperation on Chernobyl.

Belarus admires those noble individuals, governments and international organizations that have remained compassionate and focused on the plight of the victims of Chernobyl over the past more than 30 years.

We are looking forward to fruitful cooperation with all partners to overcome long-term consequences of Chernobyl disaster and to ensure achieving SDGs in affected regions.
